AUSTPAC RESOURCES NL

ANNUAL GENERAL
MEETING

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Austpac's Business - 2006

Mineral processing

- **■** Titanium minerals:
 - Synthetic rutile for TiO₂ pigment & Ti metal
 - Fine mineral agglomeration
- Iron and Steel Industries:
 - Recycling waste iron oxides and chlorides
 - Direct reduction of iron ores

Gold exploration - China



Minerals Processing Technologies:

Our processes were developed to treat mineral sands Key proprietary technologies include:

■ ERMS SR

Roasts and leaches ilmenite to produce high grade synthetic rutile ("SR")

■ EARS

Converts iron chlorides in spent leach liquors into hydrochloric acid and iron pellets

Direct Reduced Iron

Simple fluid bed process to reduce iron oxide to iron metal

■ Mineral Agglomeration

Fluid bed process to agglomerate fine minerals

ERMS SR Process



ERMS SR Process

Unique Features:

Produces two valuable products:

- Ultra-high grade synthetic rutile (for pigment <u>&</u> metal)
- Iron pellets for steel (not fine oxide waste)

Continuous - therefore lower capital & operating costs

Versatile - can treat <u>any</u> ilmenite and use <u>any</u> fuel (solid, liquid or gas)

Environmentally friendly - no solid or liquid effluents

ERMS SR

Chemical Analysis

■ TiO₂ 97.0%

 \blacksquare Fe₂O₃ 0.55%

 \blacksquare SiO₂ 0.57%

 \blacksquare Al₂O₃ 0.17%

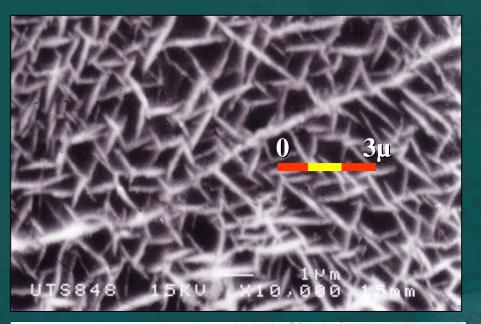
 $- Cr_2O_3 0.01\%$

CaO <0.01%

■ MgO 0.02%

■ MnO 0.01%

U+Th <10ppm





EARS Iron Pellets (DRI)

Chemical Analysis

FeO	6.00%

■
$$SiO_2$$
 0.18%

$$- Cr_2O_3 0.08\%$$

$$V_2O_5$$
 0.84%

$$P_2O_5$$
 0.007%





Steel from EARS Pellets

Chemical Analysis

■ C 0.002%

■ P 0.005%

■ Mn 0.01%

■ Si 0.003%

■ S 0.015%

■ Ni 0.05%

■ Cr 0.01%

■ Cu 0.01%

■ V 0.001%

■ Ti 0.003%

■ Pb 0.01%

■ Sn 0.001%





BHP Billiton & ERMS SR

- Research Agreement September 2006
 - Metallising EARS oxide pellets
 - Continuous leach reactor
 - Re-estimation of Demonstration Plant costs
 - Capital and operating costs for large commercial plant
- Three month program is well advanced
 - Positive results to date
 - Completion before end 2006
- "Right to negotiate exclusive licence for ERMS SR for Africa"



ERMS SR – Commercialisation

Austpac's current plan:

- Scale-up from Demonstration Plant ideally 20:1
- 60,000 tpa ERMS SR plant
- 30,000 tpa EARS iron pellets (DRI)
- Economically attractive
 - Capital cost: A\$ 80M
 - EBITDA: > A\$ 30M
 - IRR: > 30%, Payback: < 3 years
- South eastern Australia is attractive



Other Technology Applications

- EARS Recycling in the Steel Industry
- DRI Iron oxides / iron ores
- Agglomeration of fine minerals



EARS Recycling in the Steel Industry

- Regenerates low cost HCl from waste chloride solutions from steel pickling / galvanising operations
- Transforms iron units now lost as mill scales and dusts into high value electric arc furnace feed
- One tonne pickle liquor + two tonnes waste iron oxide = one tonne of fresh acid + 1.6 tonnes iron metal



EARS Recycling in the Steel Industry

"BOO" EARS Plant example:

- Cost \$130, Value >\$750; Profit = \$620 per tonne
- 50 tonnes/day plant Capital cost ~ \$6 million
- Generates \$11million profit p.a.
- Discussions commenced with steel companies regarding testwork
- Demonstration Plant essential for commercialisation



Iron Ore to DRI

- Value addition in the iron ore industry:
 - Reduction of magnetite sands to direct reduced iron (DRI)
 - Reduction of low value iron ore fines to high value DRI
- The continuous metallisation unit now testing EARS iron oxide will demonstrate process using iron ores (Pilbara sample)
- ERMS SR Demonstration Plant will also be used to process bulk iron ore samples
- Iron ore producers interested in process





Fine Mineral Agglomeration

- New fluid bed process; no binders
- Demonstrated on "Hi-Ti" minerals



■ WIM 150 could supply a south eastern Australia ERMS SR plant





Technology Opportunities are:

ERMS SR

- Demonstration Plant (3,000 tpa) Newcastle
- First commercial plant (60,000 tpa) south eastern Australia
- Large commercial plant(s) / technology licence

EARS Acid Regeneration

- Recycling in steel industry
- Nickel applications

DRI

- Magnetite sands
- Iron ore fines

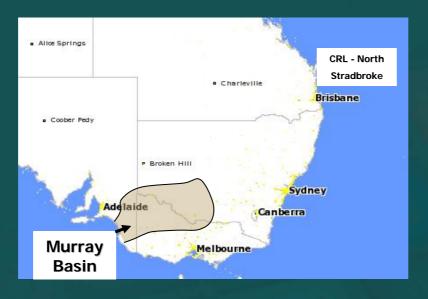
Agglomeration

- Fine titanium minerals
- ERMS SR from WIM 150 deposit



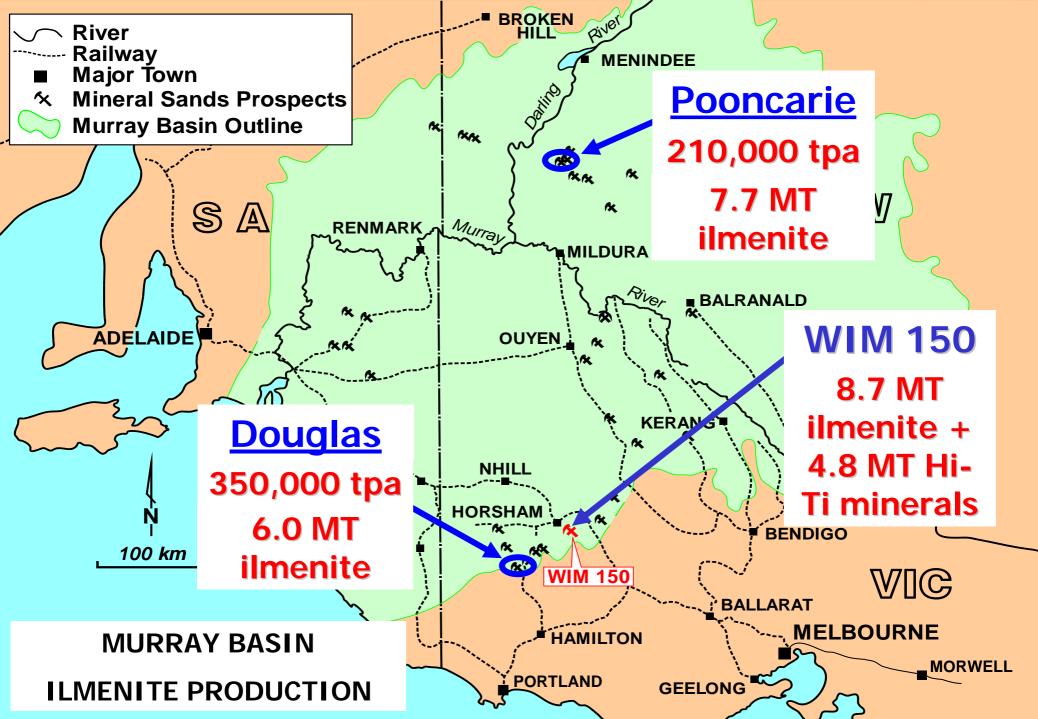
Mineral Sand Developments

Eastern Australia



- 2006 two new mineral sand mines commenced production in the Murray Basin
- Unsaleable ilmenite (high chrome)
- ERMS SR is the only suitable process for upgrading





Austpac's WIM 150 Deposit

- Very large, fine grained HM deposit zircon and high chrome ilmenite
- ERMS SR process ~96% TiO₂ fine grained SR
- Austpac's new agglomeration process solves fine grained problem
- Proven reserves adequate for major ERMS SR plant for over 100 years
- Australian Zircon N.L. drilling in Dec. 2006



South East China Gold

- State-owned Gold Bureau offered opportunity to explore below operating oxide gold mines
- Exclusive LOI for four mines plus exploration areas
- Carlin (Nevada) geologic setting
- Sino Gold's Jinfeng deposit 4 million ounces
- Third party to fund initial exploration
- Negotiations for formal agreement well advanced



Austpac in 2007:

- ERMS SR Commercialisation
- EARS Recycling in the Steel Industry
- DRI Iron oxides / iron ores
- Agglomeration of fine minerals
- WIM 150
- China Gold

